

CHILE WANTS TIME

To Consider Just How She Will Fix It Up

WITH THE UNITED STATES.

The Recall of Minister Egan is to be one of the conditions, but President Harrison says that such a thing will not be considered for an instant--The Course of the American Minister Entirely Satisfactory to the Administration.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.--According to the best attainable information the foundation for the change of opinion which rumor experienced--from war to peace--is that Chile suggested to this country that about six weeks more time should be allowed her within which to determine whether or not she will make an apology. No promise of reparation is made, but it is broadly asserted that Chile will do what she thinks is right after having exhausted her inquiries.

It is said that Mr. Blaine regarded this as sufficient to warrant the delay on the part of this country which was suggested, but that the President did not agree with him on this point.

It is reported the Chilean government is about to ask through Minister Montt for the recall of Minister Egan. The request is not likely to be granted. It can be said that under no circumstances will Mr. Egan be recalled while the relations between the United States and Chile are as strained as at present.

President Harrison is entirely satisfied with Mr. Egan's course as our representative, and has stated this repeatedly in private conversation.

THE CHILEAN SITUATION

May Be Laid Before Congress Next Week by the President.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 22.--No dispatches were received to-day at state or navy department in regard to the condition of affairs in Chile; and, in fact, there are no new developments in regard to that question except possibly the plan of action decided upon by the President and his cabinet at their meeting this afternoon. It is of course impossible at this writing to obtain any official information on this subject, but it is generally understood that the cabinet practically decided to submit the matter to Congress early next week, in order that Congress, as well as the country at large, might know the exact status of the controversy between this country and Chile.

While such a course would not, in itself, indicate the termination of diplomatic negotiations for the settlement of the matter, it would give the public, through Congress, an opportunity to determine which country is responsible for the present unsettled state of affairs.

A SLICK MOVE

On Chile's Part--Desires the Recall of Minister Egan.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.--The Chilean government, through Minister Montt, has practically asked the withdrawal of Minister Egan from that country.

It was done, it is said, as a preliminary step to a more speedy and satisfactory adjustment of the pending controversies.

What Chile's purpose is can only be conjectured. It is possible that, knowing Mr. Egan's unpopularity in some circles of the United States, it has put forth the suggestion through Senator Montt, hoping that public sentiment would force President Harrison to adopt it. This being done, sixty or ninety days would necessarily elapse before his successor could reach Santiago, and thus a delay of several months in the settlement of the Valparaiso incident might be effected. This is the only reasonable theory advanced for the suggestion, which reached Minister Montt yesterday.

DEATH OF JUSTICE BRADLEY.--He Expired Yesterday Morning--In Feeble Condition For Some Time.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.--Joseph P. Bradley, associate justice of the United States supreme court, died at 6:15 o'clock this morning, at his residence, of general debility.

Justice Bradley had been in a feeble condition for some time, and last night all hope of his recovery was abandoned.

Joseph P. Bradley, LL. D., was born in New York, in 1813. He was graduated at Rutgers college, and began the practice of law in Newark, N. J. In 1870 he was appointed justice of the United States supreme court by President Grant. He was a member of the electoral commission in 1877, when the Hayes-Tilden electoral contest was decided in favor of Rutherford B. Hayes.

The funeral arrangements, in accordance with Justice Bradley's wishes, will be private. Private services will be held at his late residence Sunday afternoon, and the remains will be taken to Newark, N. J., where the interment will take place Monday afternoon.

Schaefer Defeats Slosson. New York, Jan. 22.--It was a representative audience that filled Lenox Lyceum in this city to-night and watched "Wizard" Schaefer and "Student" Slosson cross cues for the championship of the billiard world.

For the thirty-third time Schaefer and Slosson were to meet, each were confident of victory and much money changed hands as the battle waged. Schaefer held the championship and Slosson wanted it.

The match was for a cup, a stake of \$1,000 a side and the net receipts of the house. The game was 14-inch balk line, 800 points up.

The referee was Pincus, of Philadelphia, the winner being challenged by Ives.

Schaefer defeated Slosson 800 to 592.

A man may sin and yet be just, but the unjust man is a sinner.

QUAY WINS AGAIN

And the Vennal "Post" Attacks Court, Jury and Counsel.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 22.--After being out three and a half hours, the jury in the famous criminal libel suit of Senator Matthew Stanley Quay against the Pittsburgh Post Publishing Company, Albert J. Barr, President, and James Mills, editor, brought in a verdict this evening of guilty in manner and form as indicted.

When the verdict was rendered none of the principals were present. The court then adjourned.

Concerning the verdict in the libel suit, the Post will say to-morrow: "The jury in the Quay-Post libel case has found a verdict of guilty. This cannot surprise the public, as it does not surprise us. A Republican court, a Republican prosecuting attorney and a Republican jury have convicted a Democratic journal of libel on a leader of the Republican party."

"In view of the facts, we are justified in saying that the manner of securing these verdicts is of much more importance to the people than the results of the trials are to the defendants. It means that the declaration in the bill of rights guaranteeing the freedom of the press is a nullity. Let it now be understood that a Democratic journal cannot, in a Republican county, with a Republican prosecuting attorney, criticize or expose the rascality of any Republican office-holder and expect to receive that fair and impartial trial, without which the law guarantees no man shall be deprived of his liberty or property."

"So firmly are we convinced of this injustice and wrong, of the tremendous possibilities of evil and oppression inseparable from this pernicious system, that the Post will protest against it in the highest courts of our country. The future usefulness and liberty of the press to combat wrong in high places is involved in this issue. It exists in no other state of the Union than Pennsylvania. It is a relic of despotism."

NEW YORK LIFE COMPANY Reported to be All Right Financially, but Neglect of Duty Charged.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.--The report of the New York insurance department, which has been making an exhaustive examination of the New York Life Insurance Company since June, 1891, was filed to-day. The examination shows that the company had assets of \$120,710,691 on June 30, 1891, the date chosen by the examiners, and a surplus of \$14,708,676.

This examination grew out of charges of reckless management, corrupt extravagance and fraudulent practices made against the officers and trustees, particularly against the president, Mr. William Beers.

Although the New York Life Insurance company is thoroughly solvent, its surplus shows a shrinkage of three or four millions. No charge of insolvency has been made at any time, however, the charges relating wholly to the practices and methods of officers.

Superintendent Pierce says the management has been "guilty of gross neglect of their duties." The superintendent adds that the remedy for abuses named must be found in "the orderly and appropriate processes provided by our laws."

How Is This Governor?

SIoux CITY, IOWA, Jan. 22.--A remarkable story is told by an old lady who lives in a wood shed in rear of a prominent lawyer's residence in this city. She says she is the daughter of Gen. Pattison, of Mexican war fame, and as the wife of Col. Graham followed a regiment to Mexico, where she and the daughter of Gen. Taylor carried a flag over the walls at Chihuahuita when it had fallen from the hands of Major Van Dorn. She says that her father was very rich when he died, and charges Governor Pattison, of Pennsylvania, with keeping her from her inheritance.

Virginia's State Debt.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 22.--A joint resolution was unanimously adopted in the senate to-day ratifying the debt of the settlement of state debt as agreed upon by the state commission. It was immediately communicated to the house of delegates and will doubtless pass that body to-morrow.

Secretary Foster Improving.

FORT MONROE, Va., Jan. 22.--Secretary Foster is improving rapidly. He visited Newport News to-day.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Capt. Arthur Haines, Second Infantry, U. S. A., died yesterday at the Gibson house, Cincinnati, from pneumonia.

James Dooley and James Cox were killed by the premature explosion of a blast at New York yesterday.

The Pittsburgh street car strike is still on. The cars run by the company last night were mobbed. Three arrests were made.

Three hundred mules and sixteen horses were burned in a fire at Sparks Bros. mule market yesterday morning at Kansas City. There were a number of carriages and other vehicles destroyed. Total loss between \$35,000 and \$40,000. Insurance unknown.

Two men were suffocated by coal gas in Brooklyn yesterday. They were James Cassidy and John Herman. They got drunk, and before retiring kicked the pipe attached to the stove down. The gas escaped and this morning they were found dead in their beds.

During the temporary absence of the guard in one of the wards of the Dismont, Pa., insane asylum yesterday afternoon, C. A. Williams, a lunatic, assaulted two other inmates, killing one and seriously injuring the other. Their names were John Johnston McFee and Anthony Bronnelli.

Mr. William McHenry, a traveling salesman from Cleveland, upon his arrival at Lima, Ohio, received four telegrams in close succession, each one announcing the death of a brother. They were children from three to twelve years old and died within an hour of each other of diphtheria. Mr. McHenry left for Cleveland by the first train.

Marshall Field & Co., of Chicago, have filed an appeal in the United States circuit from the decision of the board of general appraisers assessing duties at 60 per cent on all importation of veils used on ball dresses and for veils. The importers claim the duties should be assessed at 30 per cent. The case will involve such a large sum, will be taken to the Supreme Court of the United States for final disposition.

NINETEEN VICTIMS

Woro Claimed by the Indianapolis Surgical Institute Fire.

THE MOST HEARTRENDING SCENES

Were Witnessed--Screams and Moans of the Helpless Cripples--The Awful Discovery in the Annex of the Hospital--Many are Seriously Injured. Disastrous Fire at Harrisville, West Va.--Loss Over Twenty Thousand Dollars.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Jan. 22.--The surgical institute burned last night at midnight. Nineteen helpless crippled children, inmates of the institution, lost their lives, and twenty other persons were injured, most of them badly, some of them slightly. Two hundred and forty-six patients and thirty nurses sleeping in the two four-story buildings at the corner of Illinois and Georgia streets, in which the institute is located, were in imminent danger of their lives. It was almost on the stroke of twelve when Janitor Gill gave the alarm of fire and box 92 was pulled. The first alarm was instantly followed by the second and third. The telephone had conveyed word to the chief that the building of all others where fire was dreaded was in flames. This meant no ordinary danger. It proved to be a holocaust.

At 9:30 this morning there were nineteen dead bodies. Some were killed by jumping, but the others were suffocated or burned to death.

The list of identified is: Irma Payne, age eighteen, Dexter, Mo.; Minnie Arnold, age seventeen, Lancaster, Mo.; William Ramstack, age seventeen, Milwaukee; Mrs. Earl and child; Mrs. Lazarus, Chicago; Stella Spirele; G. M. Ellis, aged forty; Kate L. Straughan, this city; Mrs. Burns and nephew, of St. Paul, Minn.

Missing--Mrs. M. Lump, Arthur Bayless, Minnie McDonald, Fred Duckendorf.

Injured--Minnie Lazarus, age seven, leg broken and in a critical condition; Mrs. H. H. Idema and son, both severely injured; Mrs. Thomas, of this city, burned on face and body, suffering terribly; Fannie Breeden, Memphis, Tenn., badly burned; Mrs. J. R. Guild, Medaryville, Ind., internally; probably fatally; Mary Stearns, Warren, Ind., badly burned; Clara Morris, hurt in back; Grant Van Hoosen, Athens, N. Y., slightly burned; Clarence Mead, Athens, N. Y., leg hurt; William H. Albach, Dunkirk, N. Y., slightly burned; Leora Knowles, Independence, Ind., back hurt by jumping; M. W. Wynder, Troy, Ohio, internally injured; Will Mansfield, Otsego, N. Y., slightly; Mrs. John S. Stokes, Danville, Ill., slightly; Nellie Mason, of Walworth, county, Wis., badly in jumping, probably die; Mrs. G. J. Simpson and little girl, badly burned; R. Conner, serious if not fatal; W. M. Widener, Miami county, Ohio, terribly crushed, fatally injured; Roy Harris, New Orleans, not serious.

By the time the department arrived the scene was one to blanch stout hearts. Poor, helpless cripples were hanging on the fire escapes and in every window, the heartrending cries of those shut in the burning building mingling with the shouts of the firemen and police. Heroic deeds of rescue were performed, and for two hours the delusion was entertained that all the inmates had been saved. In the Georgia annex, third floor, the fire raged furiously all this while, and there was a sickening suspicion of part of those first on the scene that in that raging furnace were caged some of the patients who were cut off by the flames before help could reach them. Soon after 2 o'clock this suspicion became a certainty, the fire having been then nearly subdued. The police and firemen made their way into the building. In one room a mass of roasted humanity lay entwined. When their bodies were disentangled it was found that there were seven persons in that mass alone. From that hour on up to midnight Friday other bodies were found, nearly all in the Georgia street annex. The list of dead was further swollen by four who died from injuries received in leaping from the windows. Identification becomes a difficult task. Many of the dead were charred beyond recognition.

Seventeen dead had been found up to 8 o'clock this morning, and at 9 o'clock a woman and child wrapped in each others arms were discovered in the annex. Thus the total grew to 19.

What started the fire is not certainly known, but it began in the office of the secretary about midnight. Dr. John Wilson was called by the watchman and saw the blaze which was a very slight one. After turning in the alarm he was driven back. When the inmates first awakened they saw the dining room on the third floor of the annex ablaze. This must have been very soon after Dr. Wilson made the discovery. But the fire spread with amazing rapidity and soon involved both buildings.

The total insurance on the buildings and furniture was \$51,500.

This afternoon the ashes and cinders were washed from the dead and hundreds yielded the blackened remains.

Said Fireman Jim Madden, at headquarters: "I will never forget those shrieks. My God, it was awful. Those poor caged people, who could not help themselves, screamed until you could scarcely stand to listen any longer."

Fireman Morris Donnelly and John Higgins were among those who did many acts of valor.

The former went to a second story room where he found a number of female patients. He took one under each arm, and ordering a third to cling about his neck, he landed them on the floor below out of harm's way. Fireman Higgins stood on the sidewalk, and seeing a woman leap from a window above him he determined to save her life at the risk of his own. He stood firm and the awful load struck him like a ton weight, nearly pulling his arms from their sockets and throwing him to the stone walk with great force. He struck on his head and received a painful injury, but had the satisfaction of knowing that he had broken the fall of the woman sufficiently to save her life.

Philadelphia's Fire Loss.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 22.--The total number of fires in this city in 1891 was 1,206, compared with 1,341 in 1890. The amount involved was \$20,650,771, compared with \$16,222,081, in 1890. The insurance losses were \$2,540,200, compared with \$16,442,943 in 1890. The number of losses in 1891 in excess of \$10,000 each was twenty-eight compared with thirty-one in 1890.

SWEEP BY FLAMES.

Harrisville, West Virginia, Suffers from a Disastrous Conflagration. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., Jan. 22.--Harrisville suffered a very destructive fire last night, which destroyed some of the best buildings in the business portion of the town. The fire started in the warehouse of A. J. Patton's new store house and completely destroyed it and the Whitehall hotel, Patton's store, Mrs. J. S. Martin's millinery store, Lawrence's grocery store, C. S. Martin's harness and saddlery shop and H. H. Froer's law office, the flames taking every building on the block except J. S. Pierpoint's dwelling house.

Patton's loss is \$15,000, insured for about \$7,000. The entire loss is not less than \$20,000. Nothing whatever was saved in Patton's store or hotel. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

FAIRMONT.

The Grip has a Hold There--Death of Mrs. Carr. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

FAIRMONT, W. VA., Jan. 22.--There has been a great deal of sickness here, but owing to the skill of the physicians and careful nursing they are improving. John B. Crane, cashier of the People's Bank, has been very sick with the grip, also Prof. Thomas C. Miller and Capt. Thomas A. Fleming. Oliver Jackson, the well known coal operator, is very sick with a complication of stomach troubles, which so far has not yielded to the usual remedies applied.

Capt. John Smith, who has passed his eighty-eighth year, is suffering very much and confined to his home. Frederick Chisler, Esq., who has also passed his three score and ten, has had a serious time with the grip, but is improving.

Mrs. Alice Carr, wife of Larned P. Carr, the well known salesman of the Logan Drug Company, of Wheeling, died at her home on Quincy street this afternoon, from consumption.

United States Court.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., Jan. 22.--The following cases were disposed of to-day in the United States court: United States vs. James M. Lake, removed to Clarksburg. United States vs. S. H. Hudkins, verdict of guilty, and fined \$50 and costs and recognized in \$500 to appear at the next term of court to answer judgment. United States vs. John Richmond, guilty and fined \$100 and thirty days in the jail at Hinton. United States vs. Chris Richmond, guilty and fined \$100 and thirty days in the Hinton jail. United States vs. Lacy Harris, guilty and fined \$100 and costs. United States vs. W. D. Bradford, plea of guilty, fined \$100 and costs, and thirty days in the Marshall county jail. United States vs. George W. White, plea of not guilty and case removed to Clarksburg.

Goin's Goes to Ohio.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., Jan. 22.--The marshal of Athens, Ohio, and the clerk of the probate court to-day identified Elmer Goin, the man arrested by Captain Mehen as the man who assaulted and robbed a farmer named Carr. They handcuffed him and took him back to Athens. Goin's offered to show Mr. Goin a near way through the fields to the place he desired to go. On the way he cut a heavy cane and walking behind him a heavy blow on the back of the head, robbed him of \$35 and left him for dead. Goin's is said to have already served one term.

Prominent Steubenville Citizen Dead.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

STUEBENVILLE, OHIO, Jan. 22.--Cyrus Scott, a prominent merchant of this city, died shortly after eight o'clock this evening, after an illness of two weeks, of typhoid fever, aged 53 years. Mr. Scott was born in this county, but moved to Steubenville about twenty years ago, and has resided here ever since.

To Revise Judicial Districts.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Jan. 22.--According to a joint resolution introduced by Mr. Heinlein, of Belmont county, a few days ago, to appoint a committee to revise the judicial districts of the state, the speaker appointed the following house members on that committee: Messrs. Heinlein, of Belmont; Fisher, of Preble; Griffin, of Lucas; Reiter, of Montgomery, and Olmstead, of Holmes. Mr. Heinlein is chairman of this committee, and commenced the work of revision at once.

Think He Is Innocent.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 22.--Efforts are being made to secure the pardon of Isaac Smith, the life murderer at the penitentiary, who so narrowly escaped the gallows. Detective Foster will present the case to the Board of Pardons at their next meeting, and will base his plea on the ground of innocence. He claims to have discovered some new evidence to show this.

Garza Movement Gaining Recruits.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., Jan. 22.--Private advices received here report from the Rio Grande border to the effect that excitement there over the Garza revolutionary movement instead of decreasing is spreading among the people, and that plotters and revolutionists against the administration of President Diaz are gaining in numbers rapidly. At Roma and Rio Grande city there are many prominent Mexican and American residents, who do not hesitate to boldly declare their sympathy with the cause of the revolutionists.

Aransas Pass Strike Over.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., Jan. 22.--Chapman Ed. Miller, of the federation board at Yokum, has formally declared the San Antonio & Aransas Pass strike at an end, and there is now no obstacle anywhere to freight and passenger traffic.

Generosity is usually spasmodic, but justice is equity at every point.

AN EMPEROR'S SLIGHT.

Indifference of Germany's Ruler to Duke of Clarence's Death.

THE ENGLISH COURT IS SHOCKED

By His Erratic Behavior--It is Supposed That His Latest Ill-will Towards the Prince of Wales Is the Cause of His Peculiar Humor--The Miners Federation--Princess May's Future Matrimonial Prospects--Cardinal Manning's Will.

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LONDON, Jan. 22.--The Prince of Wales passed several hours at Marlborough House to-day and returned to Windsor Castle this evening in time to attend the private service in St. George's Chapel, at which all of the members of his family and those of the Dukes of Fife and Teck were present. After the service all proceeded to the Memorial Chapel. It was the final family gathering around the coffin of the Duke of Clarence. No other person was allowed to be present, even intimate friends and members of the household being excluded. The Duke and Duchess of Teck and their sons and daughter Princess May, immediately afterwards left for Richmond by the night train. The Prince of Wales and family will return to Sandringham Hall to-morrow.

During the Prince of Wales's short stay in town to-day he saw intimate friends. Alluding to the suggestion that the money subscribed for wedding presents to the Princess May be made the nucleus of a national pension, he said, that this proposition could not possibly be entertained. Being thus not approved, nothing more will be heard of the proposition. The friends of the Prince now favor the idea of submitting to the Princess May what may be done with money in the way of the creation of charity as a memorial to the Duke of Clarence.

The neglect of the German Kaiser to observe the respect due to the Duke of Clarence is resented in the court circles here. The emperor went on a shooting excursion to Buchburg on the eve of the duke's death although he had been appraised that his condition was desperate. Even after receiving the telegram announcing the duke's death he continued his sport and had another day's shooting, returning to Berlin on Friday evening; and instead of immediately hastening to express his condolence, the emperor did not call on the British ambassador until Sunday afternoon. Finally the nearness of relationship justified the court here in expecting that the emperor would order mourning for three weeks instead of for only ten days. The emperor is believed to have written to a personage in the English court that she had been pained by her son's want of consideration, and that she also had cause to complain as the emperor did not call upon her as custom and duty dictated until the third day after the Duke of Clarence's death. The best interpretation put on the behavior of the Emperor is that he had a bit of eccentric humor, such as now and then frequently occurs, and that he allowed his latent ill-will towards the Prince of Wales to display itself.

Researches for precedents enabling Prince George to marry Princess May have disclosed the fact that it is a rule that in the event of the death of her betrothed a royal Princess must wait five years before becoming again betrothed.

The chairman of the Miners' Federation, who at a recent meeting tried to have the delegates adopt a resolution of condolence with the Prince of Wales, got his own local association in Manchester to pass the desired resolution. This, however, fails to affect the significance of the delegates' refusal to vote condolence.

The leading union paper, the *Workmen's Times*, while expressing the tenderest sympathy for Princess May, declines to magnify this single instance of blighted hopes into a national calamity, and protests that men ought not to allow it to shift their mental balance or seduce them to snivelling and offensive declarations of loyalty to the throne. The result of to-morrow's polling in the Rosendale division, is awaited with strained anxiety.

Cardinal Manning in his will leaves his books and papers in charge of his executors, Dr. Butler and Rev. Father Bayley, of the oblates of St. Charles. The total amount of his available assets, £2,250 in railway shares, goes to pay a loan contracted for a charitable purpose. Any residue is to be devoted to Catholic charities. The executors will compile a work on his life and letters. The Cardinal's letters alone fill immense files.

CRUSHED BY ROCKS.

A Peculiar and Fatal Accident--Three Houses Burned in Ruins.

PARIS, Jan. 22.--A most peculiar and fatal accident is reported from Dieppe, in the department of Seine Inferieure. Near that town is a high precipice at the foot of which are a number of houses. This morning without a moment's warning the rock at the top of the precipice for a distance of 150 yards crashed down with thundering noise upon two buildings, used as laundries, and another house, completely burying them. It was thought that every person in the crushed and buried buildings would be found dead, and there were many volunteers who offered their services to extricate the supposed corpses. They had not worked long before they heard moans and cries and appeals for help, which told them that all were not dead. It was not long before they had taken 20 persons, men, women and children from the ruins, all of whom were more or less injured. Two women were taken out dead. Their bodies, being frightfully mangled by the immense weight that had fallen upon them.

Murdered Her Children and Succeeded. LONDON, Jan. 22.--A dispatch from Nottingham states that a widow named Castings, who had a millinery shop on the principal street of that place, murdered her two children to-day. After killing her children the woman committed suicide. When the bodies were discovered those of the children presented a sickening appearance, Mrs.

Castings used a coal hammer to carry out her fiendish plan, and with it she had battered the heads of her victims so that they were hardly recognizable.

BURNED AT SEA.

An American Oil Vessel Destroyed by Fire Crew Lost.

LONDON, Jan. 22.--The British steamer Egyptian Monarch, at this port from New York, reports that at 1 o'clock on the morning of January 16, the steamer then being in latitude 48 N., longitude 19 W., she sighted a wooden vessel, apparently of American build, on fire and burning furiously. Judging from the dense black smoke and the odor, Captain Irwin came to the conclusion that the burning vessel was laden with oil.

As the steamer approached the burning craft it was seen that her masts were gone. Her bowsprit was standing and to it could be seen clinging two men. A life-boat on the steamer was hastily cleared away to rescue these two men, but before it could hardly be lowered, the bowsprit fell and the two men were precipitated into the sea. Efforts were made to find them, but they were not afterward seen. Captain Irwin thought it probable that the boats from the burning vessel were somewhere in the vicinity and he therefore remained near the spot until day broke in the hope of picking them up.

A tremendous sea was running at the time, and it is more than likely that if the crew had managed to get away from their vessel they were drowned by the capsizing of the small boats. The burning vessel was undoubtedly the same one that was reported yesterday as having been seen on the same day and in the same position by the British steamer Imperial Prince.

Killed in Church.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 22.--During services in a church at Slobodskoi, in the government of Viatka, the roof gave way and fell upon the worshippers beneath. A scene of the wildest excitement followed. The villagers rushed to the scene and worked heroically to rescue the persons imprisoned by the falling timbers, boards, etc. The wreckage was soon cleared away, when it was found that fifty persons had been either killed or injured.

Many Americans Present.

PARIS, Jan. 22.--A requiem mass for Cardinal Manning was celebrated in the Passionist fathers chapel. Among those present were the Archbishop of Paris, the papal nuncio Mr. Ferrat, the United States minister, Mr. Reid, the attaches of the United States legation and many other American residents and visitors.

Have no Foundation.

LONDON, Jan. 22.--The correspondent of the *Times* at Santiago De Chile telegraphs to-day that the telegrams stating that great animosity is entertained in Chile against the United States are utterly without foundation in truth. The correspondent further says that everything is quiet in Chile.

Conflicting Rumors About the Pope.

ROME, Jan. 22.--The Pope gave audiences at noon to-day as his usual custom. Conflicting reports concerning the health of His Holiness are still current. The liberal papers state the Pope's physicians remained for five hours at the vatican last night.

PIG IRON PRODUCTION.

A Decrease of Nearly One Million Tons Compared With 1890.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22.--This week's bulletin of the American Iron and Steel Association will contain the following:

The American Iron and Steel Association has received from the manufacturers complete returns of the production of pig iron in the United States in 1891. The details are as follows:

The total production of pig iron in 1891 was 9,273,445 net tons of 2,000 pounds, or 8,279,870 gross tons of 2,240 pounds, against 9,202,703 gross tons in 1890, a decrease of 922,833 gross tons, or over 10 per cent. The decreased production may be said to have all occurred in the first half of 1891. The shrinkage of production in 1891, as compared with 1890, was distributed among the different fuels used in our blast furnaces, and it was shared by most of the pig iron producing states in the north and west, most notably by Pennsylvania, which lost over half a million net tons, all in the first half of the year.

HORSE SLAUGHTER HOUSE

Established in New Jersey to Furnish Meat for Poles.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Jan. 22.--An equine slaughter house has been discovered in Bergen county, N. J., in a dense forest of the palisades, at a point between Fort Lee and Leonia. The horse butcher is Adolph Shater, who intends to cater to the Polish colony about to be settled just east of Palisade Park, a station on the Northern railroad of New Jersey.

A reporter who visited Shater's place yesterday was sickened by the peculiar odor that prevailed. A horse's head was seen in a barrel, the flesh having been cut off. Hans Kuntz, of Palisade Park, claimed to have sold an old crippled horse to Shater for 5 cents a few days ago, but he did not have a thought of the use to be made of the animal. Shater is well known along the northern road, having traveled along it last summer with a hand organ. He is a Pole. The authorities have been notified.

McDonald Oil Field.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 22.--The Shaffer well, No